Advocacy for 501(c)(3) Nonprofits

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Connect Learn Advocate





Important Disclaimers



If you can read this fine print, you are sitting too close to your screen!

Nonprofit Advocacy



Quick Quiz

- 1. What is nonprofit advocacy?
- 2. Can 501(c)(3) nonprofits lobby?
- 3. Can 501(c)(3) nonprofits endorse candidates?
- 4. Can a nonprofit employee or board member volunteer for a political campaign?



What is advocacy?



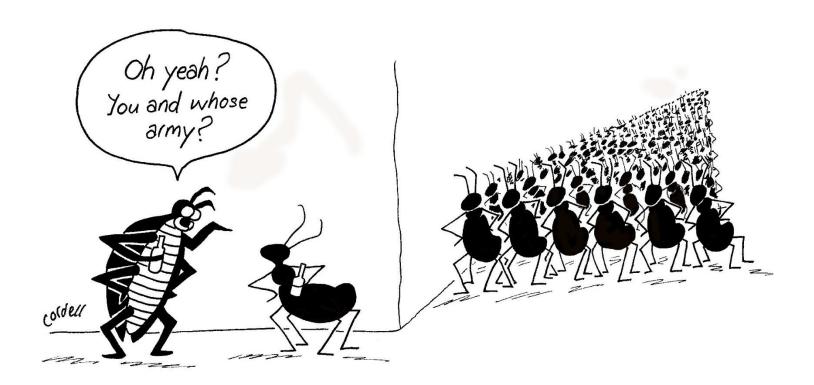
Advocacy includes conversations with:

- Co-workers
- Clients
- > Funders
- Media

- > Elected officials
- Volunteers
- Business leaders
- Others



Why nonprofit advocacy matters





Common barriers to nonprofit advocacy



1. Our board says we can't do it.



2. We're a 501(c)(3) nonprofit, so it's not legal to advocate.



3. We would love to advocate, but we're stretched thin simply providing our existing services.



4. Our funders won't let us advocate.



Some basic legal information





How much lobbying can you do?

(as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit)

Two answers:

- 1. An "insubstantial" amount
- 2. 501(h) election expenditure test



- Direct Lobbying
 - Communication
 - Specific legislation
 - Expresses a viewpoint
- Includes action at federal, state, or local level



Lobbying – 501(h) expenditure test

Limits on lobbying expenditures

- 20% of the first \$500,000 of an organization's exempt purpose expenditures, plus
- 15% of the second \$500,000, plus
- 10% of the third \$500,000, plus
- 5% of the remainder of such expenditures,
- with a cap of \$1 million in annual lobbying expenses



- Grassroots Lobbying
 - Specific legislation
 - Expresses a viewpoint
 - Call to action
 - Goes out to general public
- Limit is 25% of limit for direct lobbying (under the 501(h) expenditure test)



Not lobbying

- Education of the public without a call to action on specific legislation
- Discussions with executive branch officials
- Nonpartisan analysis, study, or research
- Requests for written testimony from committees
- Self-defense
- Examinations of broad social or economic issues



Tips on lobbying

- The 501(h) election focuses on lobbying expenses
- So there is virtually no limit on lobbying by volunteers, board members, and clients



Tips on lobbying

- NC law requires some nonprofits to register as lobbyists with the NC Secretary of State
- These registration and reporting requirements only apply to nonprofits that pay contract lobbyists in Raleigh or that have staff who spend at least 5% of their time lobbying state officials



Special note on ballot measures

- 501(c)(3) nonprofits can advocate for or against ballot measures
- This type of advocacy is direct lobbying



Lobbying synopsis

- 1. It's legal for 501(c)(3) nonprofits!
- 2. Your nonprofit will never get close to the legal limits for nonprofit lobbying!
- 3. Your nonprofit *probably* doesn't need to register with the state to lobby



Partisan political activity



All 501(c)(3) nonprofits must remain nonpartisan There are no Democratic charities or Republican charities



Johnson Amendment

- Provision in Section 501(c)(3)
 - Charitable nonprofits, foundations, and churches can't:
 - Support or oppose candidates for office
 - Make campaign contributions
 - Coordinate activities with political campaigns



Why is it called the "Johnson Amendment"?





An amendment, pushed by Lyndon Johnson many years ago, threatens religious institutions.



We're going to get rid of that law ... we're going to get rid of it so fast.



Why keeping partisan politics away from nonprofits is best for everyone

- It protects the public's trust in nonprofits
- It ensures that tax-deductible contributions go to mission-related work, not to partisan politics
- It prevents politicians from pressuring nonprofits
- It prevents funders from pressuring nonprofits



Why keeping partisan politics away from nonprofits is best for everyone

A real-life example . . .



What your nonprofit can do

- Nonpartisan voter registration
- Nonpartisan voter get-out-the-vote activities
- Promoting the 2020 U.S. Census
- Nonpartisan voter education . . .
 - ... about election process
 - ... about policy issues
 - ... interacting with candidates in a nonpartisan way



What about your staff and board members?

- Talking about candidates (or politics generally)
- Volunteering for campaigns
- Making campaign contributions
- Running for office



Partisan politics synopsis

- 1. Don't do it!
- 2. Despite what the President may want you to believe, it's not legal for 501(c)(3) nonprofits!



Advocacy

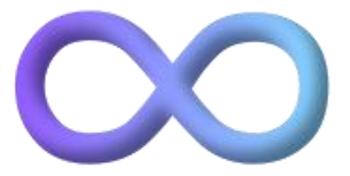


Advocacy

How much advocacy can you do?

(as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit)

Answer:





Funding for advocacy work



Basic rules on funding lobbying and advocacy

- Private foundations can't earmark money for lobbying
- But . . .
 - ... Other funders can fund lobbying activities
 - ... There is no limit on how much *advocacy* a foundation can support
 - ... General operating support can be used for lobbying and other types of advocacy



Effective advocacy



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Some preliminary questions

- 1. What are your nonprofit's top three goals for 2019?
- 2. What are your nonprofit's top three goals for the next decade?
- 3. What changes would bring these goals closer to becoming a reality?
- 4. What actions would make *your nonprofit* more effective in achieving its mission?





Who is your audience?

- Government officials
- Lawmakers
- The public
- The media



Who are your most effective messengers?

- Constituents of elected officials
- Business leaders
- Your board members
- Your clients
- People with common interests and ideals



What advocacy tools are available?

- Direct lobbying
- Petitions and grassroots phone calls and tweets
- Rallies and protests
- Candidate forums and voter guides
- Fact sheets for elected officials



What advocacy tools are available?

- Personal conversations
- Stories
- Research and data
- Public education
- Empowering your clients to use their voices



How can you be an effective advocate?

- Tell your story
 - Real-life examples
 - Statistics and other objective information
- Have a simple and clear message
 - Elevator speech
 - One-page fact sheet



How can you be an ineffective advocate?

- Send lots of form letters and mass emails
- Be unclear or imprecise
- Offend your audience



Two approaches to nonprofit advocacy

- Cooperation/common ground/neutral expertise
 - Pro: Better chance for limited success
 - Con: Potentially sacrificing the "perfect" policy solution
- More aggressive tactics
 - Pros: Stronger positions; more attention
 - Cons: Potential to alienate policymakers and the public; potential backlash



Next steps



1. What is the "audience" for your advocacy?



2. What is your most effective message(s)?



3. Who might be your best messengers?



4. What advocacy tools would be most effective?



5. Are you more likely to succeed through cooperative or aggressive advocacy?

